

Nuclear Fusion: Status and Outlook

An aerial photograph of the EPFL campus in Lausanne, Switzerland, showing various buildings, green spaces, and the surrounding city and Lake Geneva. A semi-transparent image of the Swiss Plasma Center building is overlaid on the right side of the image.

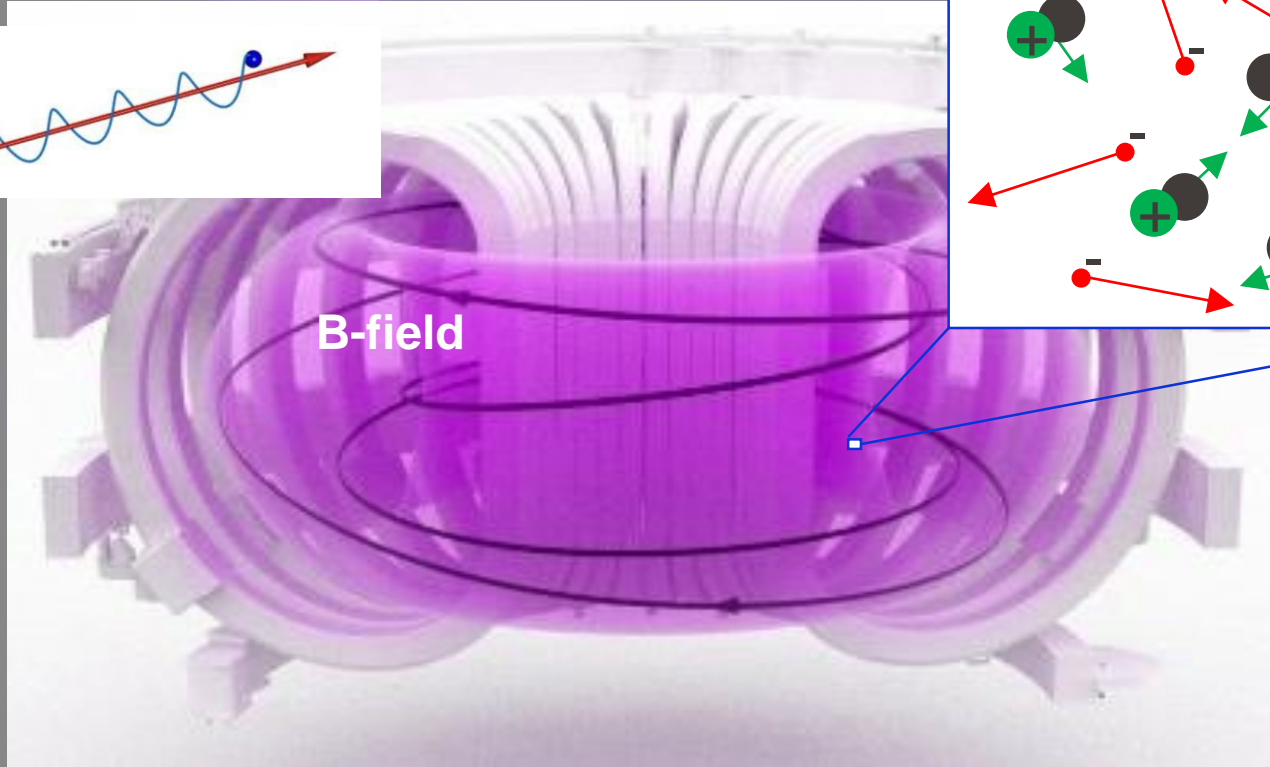
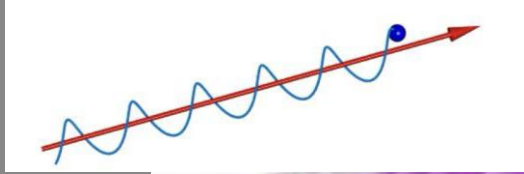
Laurent Villard
Swiss Plasma Center
EPFL

ICES Geneva 4 October 2024

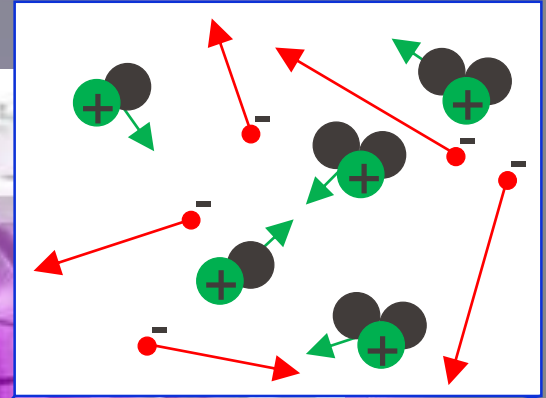
Inside a magnetic fusion research device: TCV tokamak, Swiss Plasma Center, EPFL



Charged particles
~follow B-field



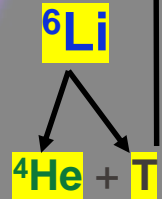
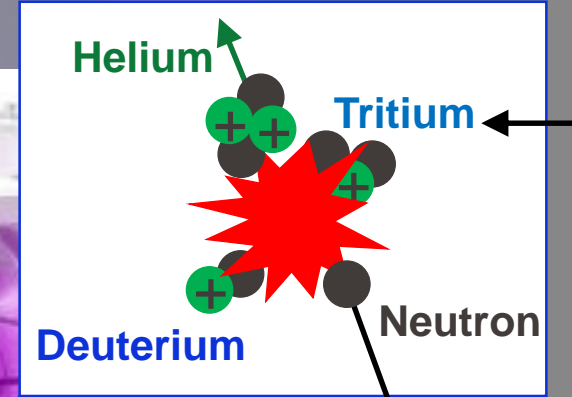
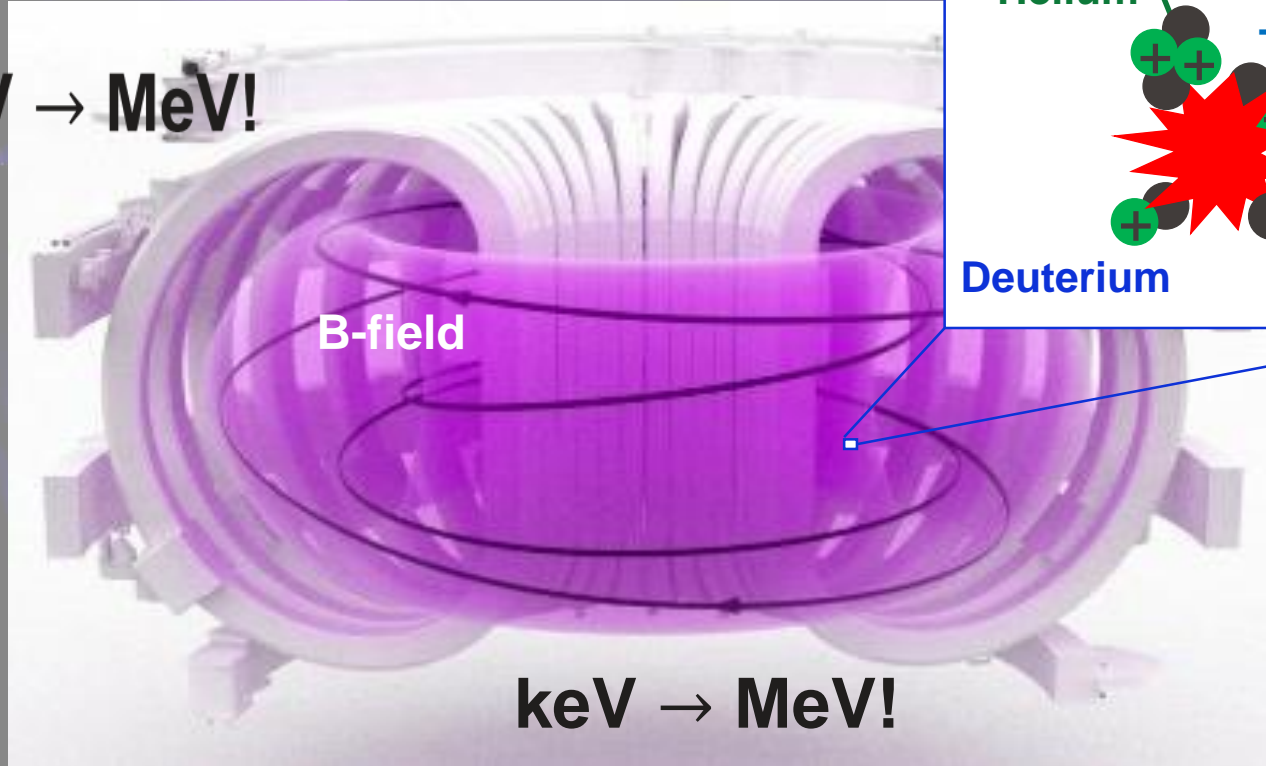
Plasma



Magnetic confinement fusion – main idea

Charged particles
~follow B-field

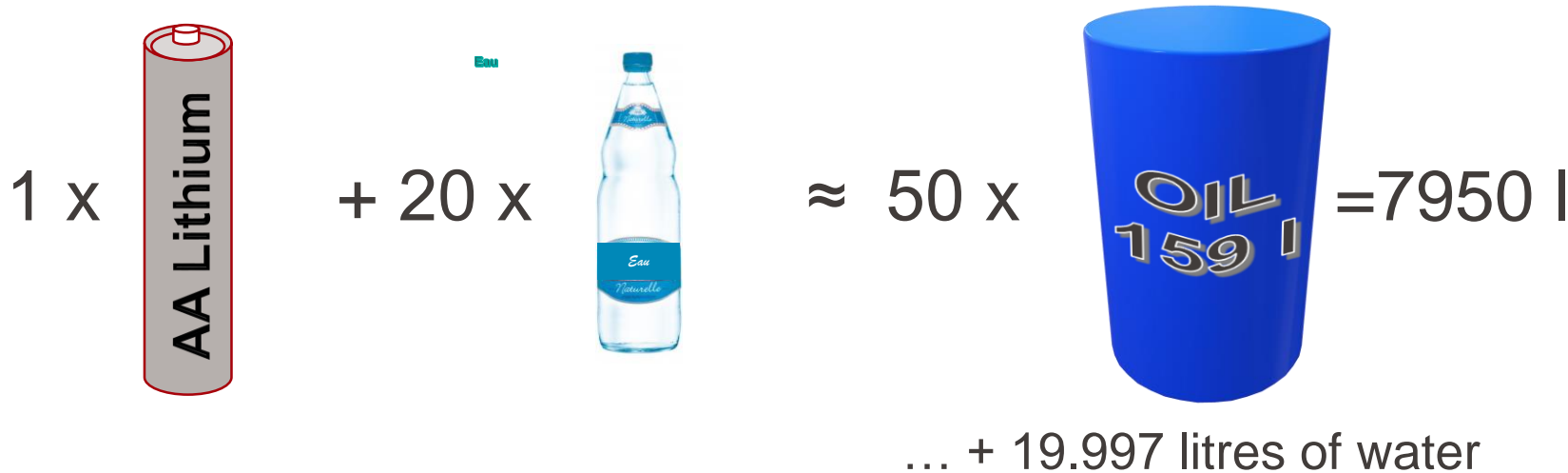
keV \rightarrow MeV!



The quest for fusion power

The goal of the worldwide fusion research effort is to master fusion on earth and to develop a **safe, clean and essentially inexhaustible** source for **baseload electricity**

Lithium + Deuterium \rightarrow Helium + energy



Fusion is taking a more and more visible role world wide

Results: JET DT, NIF

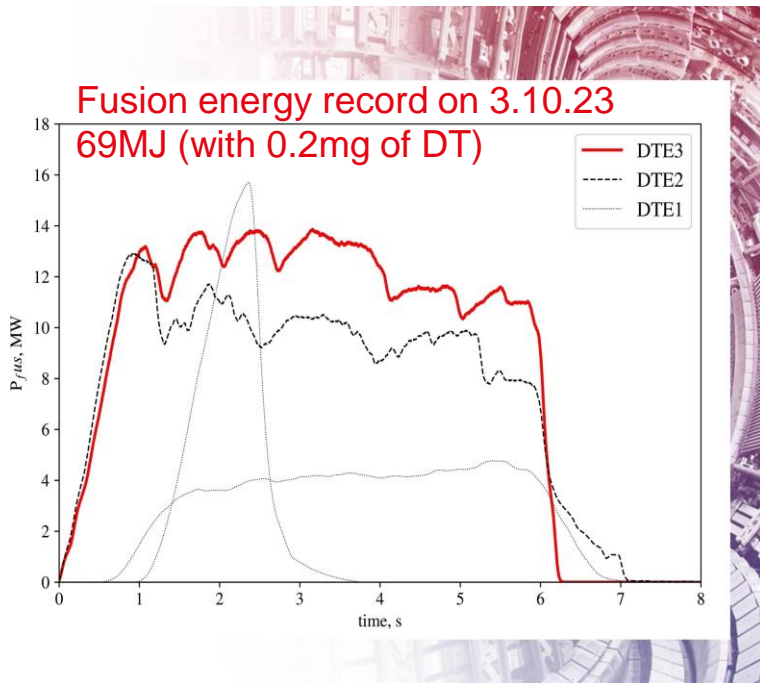


Image: UKAEA / Eurofusion

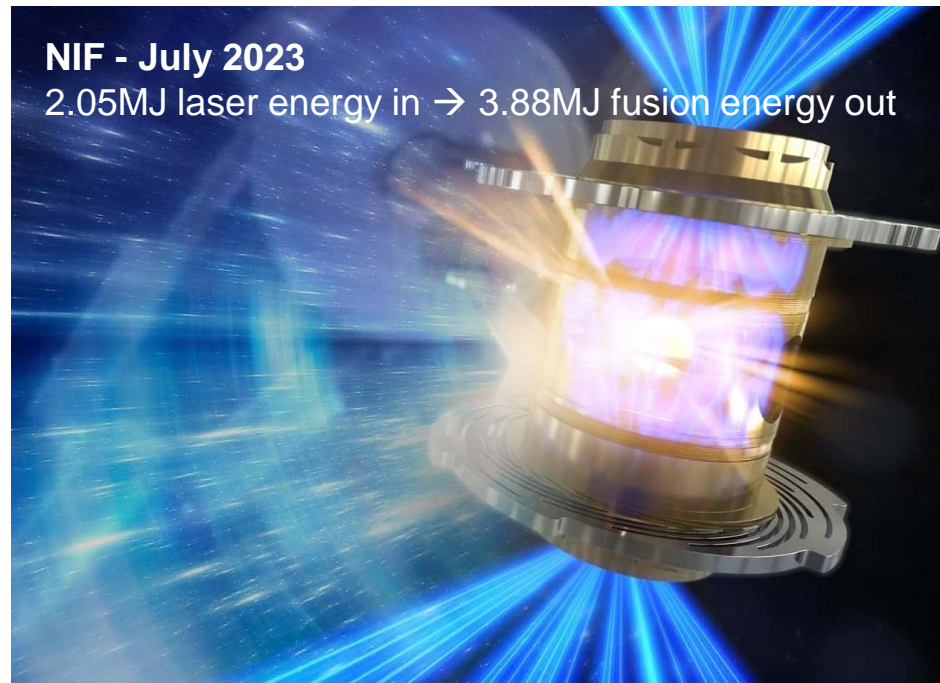


Image: LLNL / NIF

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Results: JET DT, NIF

Private involvement

➤ Fusion Companies Around the World

FUSION
INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

\$6bn
Investment



<https://www.fusionindustryassociation.org/>

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Private involvement

Political interest



Emmanuel Macron
President of France

The French president wants Europe to become a global leader by 2030 in five strategic sectors including fusion energy

25 April 2024



Christian Ehler
Member of the European Parliament

The Net-Zero Industry Act was approved by the plenary of the European Parliament and includes fusion energy as a strategic technology.

25 April 2024



Kadri Simson
EU Energy Commissioner

Energy Commissioner said in a conference in Strasbourg: "The time is right to discuss what a possible EU Fusion Strategy could look like."

23 April 2024



Ursula von der Leyen
President of the European Commission

The Commission President visited the Max Planck Institute for Plasma Physics and stressed the need for a European fusion alliance and a clear regulatory framework for fusion.

11 April 2024



April

**G7 Meeting
on Energy**

Turin
29-30 April 2024

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Political interest

Very large developments in some countries – e.g. China, UK



CRAFT centre at ASIPP Hefei. Source: CRAFT.



Future Culham Centre For Fusion Energy ©UKAEA



Image: ITER



Image: ITER

Metal build-up on the regions of the sector 7 bevel affected by dimensional non-conformities



Image: ITER

Thermal shield sets inspected on site and tested for corrosion cracking. The panels with superficial defects are shipped to India for repair (5 out of 9 so far).

PROJECT PROGRESS

Tritium building completed
(December 2023)



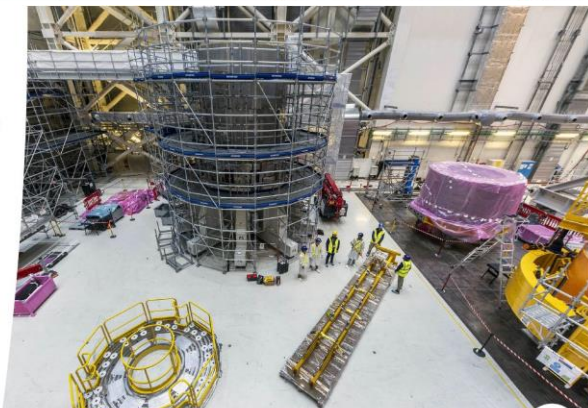
PROJECT PROGRESS

Last TF coil delivered
(December 2023)
IO-DA celebration to take
place on 15 April.



PROJECT PROGRESS

In process of stacking 3 CS
modules (29 Feb 2024)
Fourth CS module arrived in
December



EU VV MANUFACTURING

First European vacuum
vessel sector passed
its leak test (February
2024)



Images: F4E / ITER



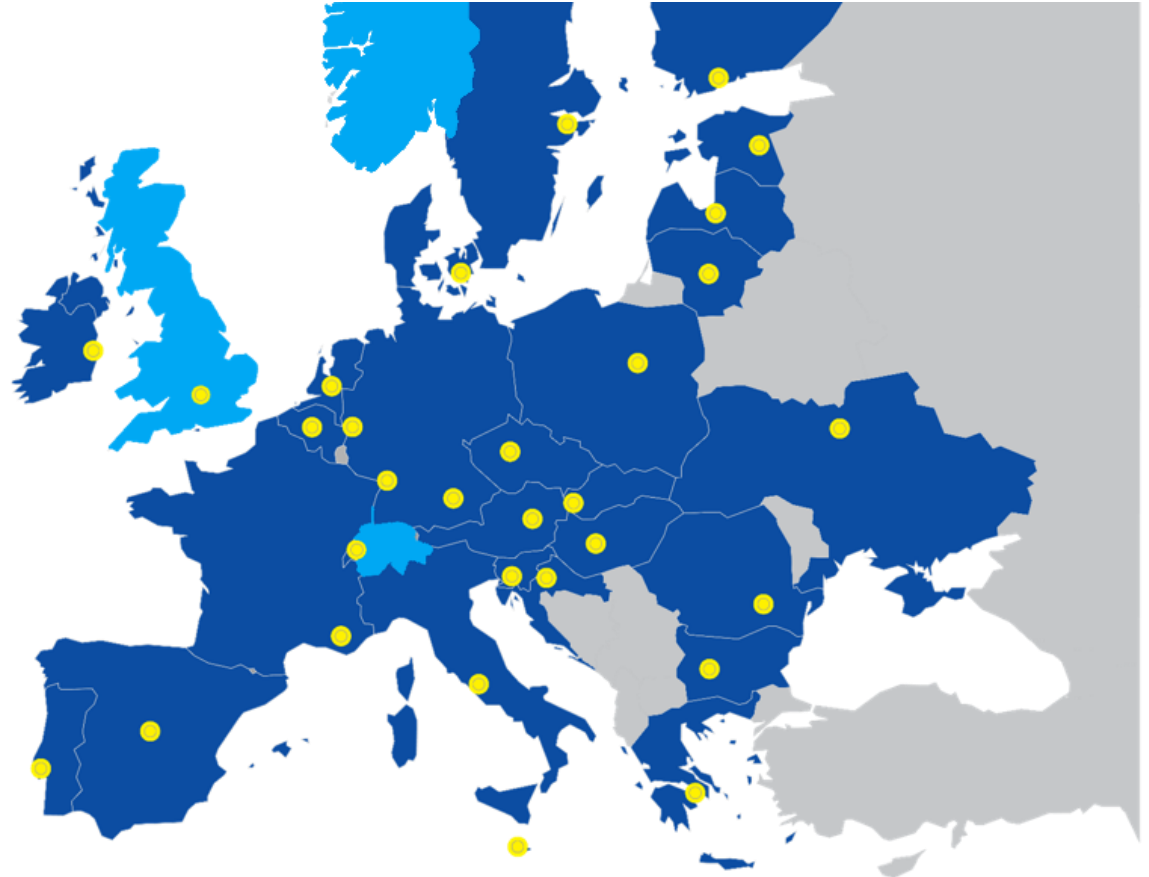
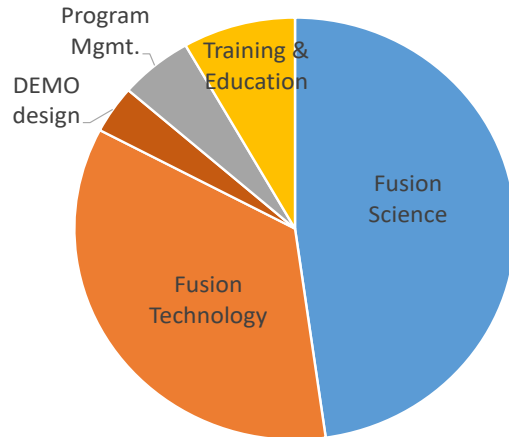
29 countries

31 Research Institutions

150 Universities

5000 Staff

800 students





Standing Ovation for JET Inventor

📅 March 7, 2024

📖 Member news, UKAEA (U.K.)

“JET has created a real fusion community”

! March 11, 2024 " EUROfusion news

Largest tokamak now: JT60-SA, Japan (+Eurofusion)

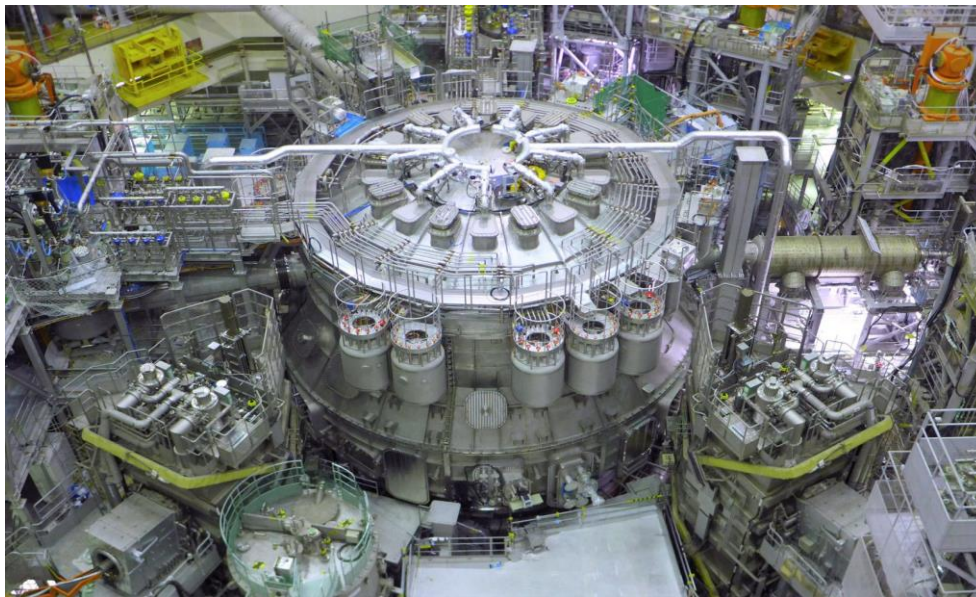


Image: JT60-SA

JT-60 SA is officially the most powerful Tokamak.

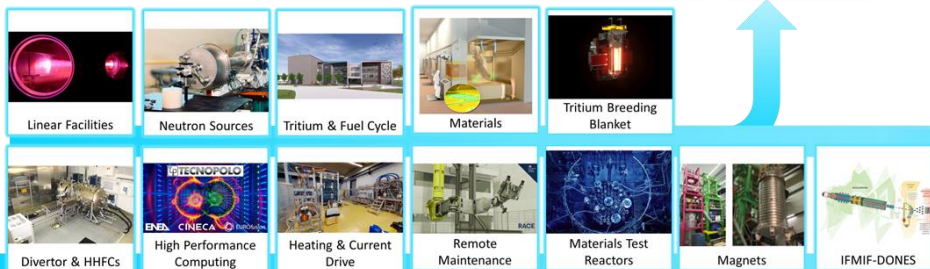
Europe and Japan celebrate breakthrough in paving the way for fusion energy

Our Roadmap

Plasma Scenarios, Transients, Exhaust & Burning Plasma Regime



DEMO



Breeding Blanket, Remote Handling, Materials, Magnets

FUSION
POWER
PLANT





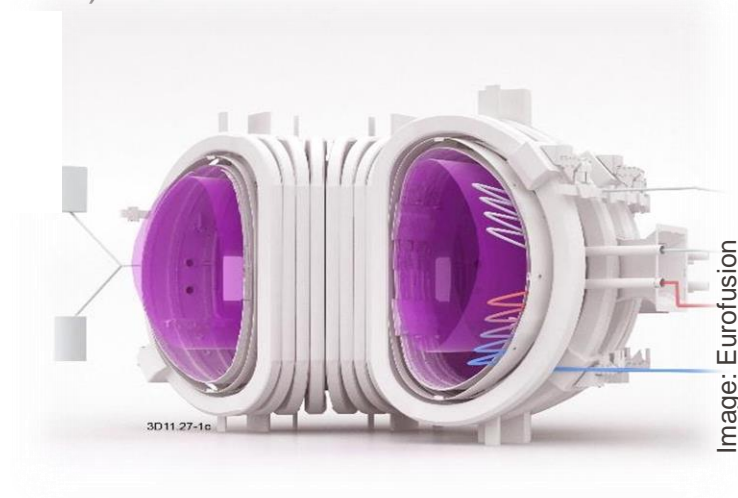
Demonstration of commercial feasibility, net electricity production ($\sim 300\text{MWe}$ for $>2\text{h}$), self-sufficient fuel cycle, safety & waste production

ITER shall validate DEMO physics and part of technological basis but DEMO schedule should be resilient to changes in ITER schedule

Other machines, will play a role for DEMO in reducing uncertainties in physics and technology

Conceptual design of DEMO (tokamak configuration) conducted in EUROfusion

Target: operations ~ 20 years after kick-off



National laboratory with international facilities in an academic environment

Aim: make ITER a success

develop the science and technology basis of DEMO

prepare the ITER/DEMO generations of scientists and engineers

exploit plasma and fusion spinoffs for industry and society

Lausanne



Villigen

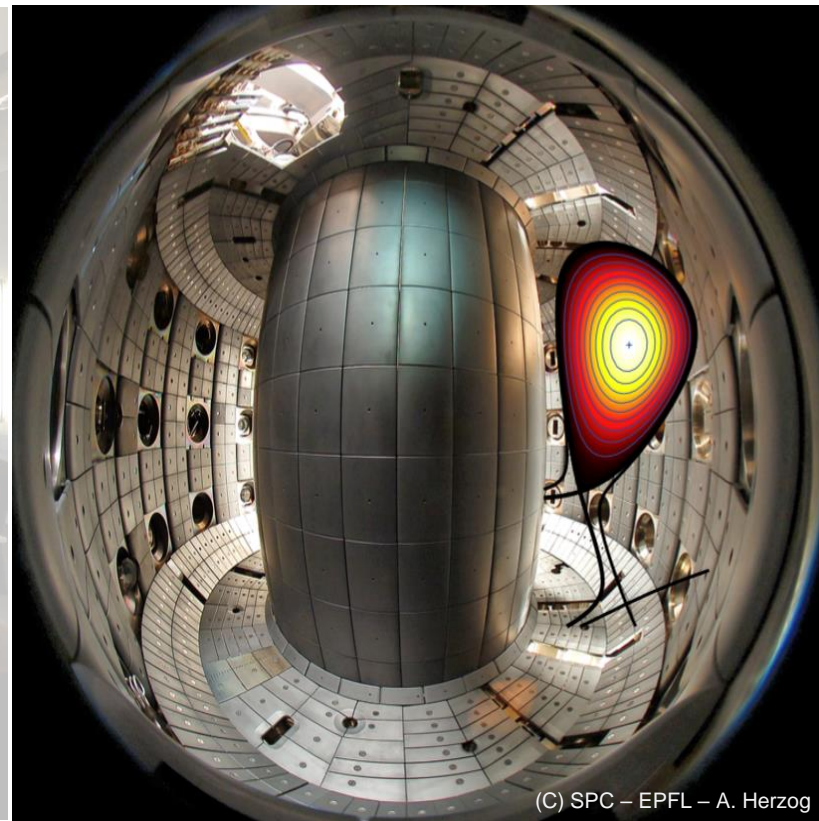


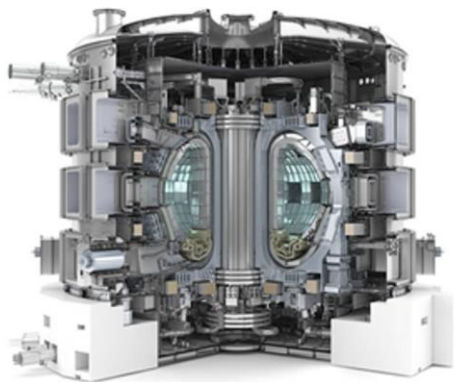
Important role in revised Roadmap

Facilities Review report

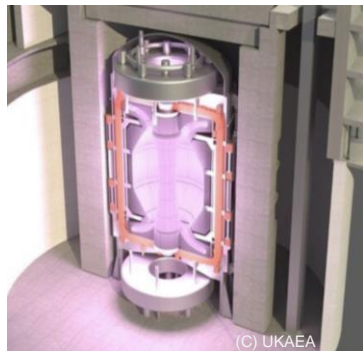
*«TCV's value to the EUROfusion and world's fusion programmes is high in proportion to its relatively inexpensive cost of operation. It has important roles in **workforce development** and international collaboration, where it continues to develop original techniques and configurations that can be further developed at larger facilities »*

SPC is currently training 52 PhD students and employs 33 Post-Docs



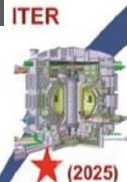


ITER



STEP (UK)

Prototype power plant
(2040)



ITER

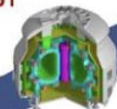
★ (2025)

CRAFT



★ (2025)

BEST



★ (2027)

CFETR



★ (2030's start)

PFPP



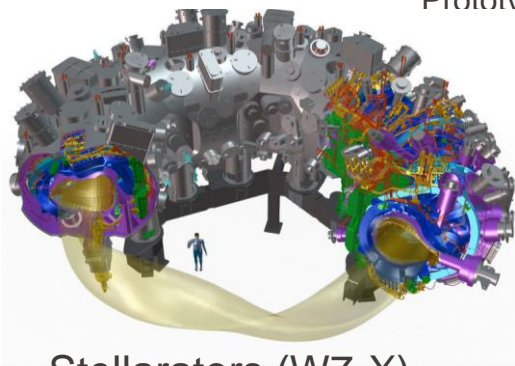
(2050's)

1 GW, Power
Plant Validation

Chinese Fusion Roadmap

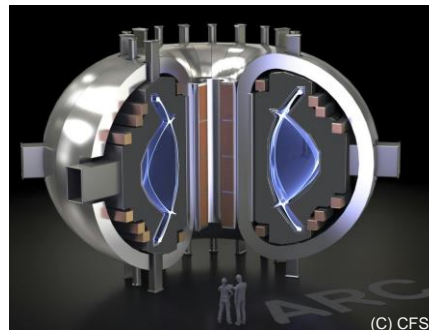
[Y.Song, Fus.Eng. Des. 2022]

■ Swiss Plasma Center



Stellarators (W7-X)

Private initiatives
e.g. CFS (USA)



(C) CFS

HTS magnets
SPARC ($Q > 2$) (2025)
ARC (commercial
power plant) (2030's)

See e.g. Theiler et al., “*State of fusion technology and main actors*“, Ch. 10 of SFOE report on Technology Monitoring of Nuclear Energy – 2024, available online

- There has been a tremendous acceleration of the worldwide effort to make fusion energy a reality.
- This has been triggered by recent milestone successes in public-funded research.
- The private sector is raising substantial funds. Several companies have been created, of which at least some are serious contenders on the race to fusion and/or will contribute substantially to the development of the required technology.
- Publicly funded fusion research has received a huge boost in some countries (China, UK in particular).
- Our roadmap objectives remain essentially the same, but increasingly will rely on public-private partnerships.

Will fusion energy help to save the planet?

Yes, it will

When will this happen?

Nobody knows for sure, but recent developments make it a very realistic perspective by ~2050

Thank you for your attention!